Mixing and Demixing in the System Phenol / Water

Equipment:

large test tube with rubber stopper water bath thermometer

Chemicals:

phenol deionized water methyl red powder

Safety:

phenol (C_6H_5OH):



H341-331-311-301-373-314 P280-302 + 352-301 + 330 + 331-309-310-305 + 351 + 338

Phenol is poisonous. The substance itself and its vapor is corrosive to the eyes, the skin and the respiratory tract. Phenol may cause harmful effects on the central nervous system, the heart and the kidneys. Therefore, the phenol-water mixture has to be prepared in a fume hood. It is also obligatory to wear safety glasses and protective gloves.

Procedure:

<u>Preparation</u>: About 15 g of phenol, 15 g of water and 1 mm³ of methyl red powder are filled in the test tube. The tube is closed with the rubber stopper and gently shaken.

<u>Procedure</u>: At room temperature, the tube contains two liquid phases, a very phenol-rich denser phase at the bottom and a very water-rich phase at the top. For better visibility, the phenol is colored with methyl red. The water bath is heated to about 85 °C. The tube is put into the hot water and gently shaken.

Observation:

After a short while, the two liquids merge; the tube contains only one homogeneous phase.

Explanation:

At intermediate compositions and below the upper critical solution temperature of about 339 K mixtures of phenol and water separate into two liquid phases. When such a sample is heated above the upper critical solution temperature, phenol and water are completely miscible.

Disposal:

The phenol-water mixture should be disposed of as hazardous waste according to the guidelines of the corresponding institution.

